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# SOCIAL DEMOCRATIC HERALD

A JOURNAL OF THE COMING CIVILIZATION

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## THE WOLF AND SHEEP.

VICTOR L. BERGER POINTS OUT THE REAL CAUSES  
OF THE DECLINE IN BUILDING OPERATIONS.

**A**N EFFORT IS NOW being made in the capitalistic press to hold the workingmen responsible for the slack times coming on in various branches of business. It is pointed out that through the great strikes of the building trades employees, the demand for iron has much decreased and therefore a restriction of production has become necessary. This results again in restriction in other departments, in the supply of coal, in transportation etc. and so one industry after another is fastened in the chain. The process is described quite correctly, but its cause is purposely misrepresented. Of course the strikes of the building trades were not entirely without influence, but they formed the ultimate, and not the first and most important cause. This consists simply in the fact that for twelve or fourteen years the capacity of the furnaces in the United States has more than doubled, and this, even for American development, is a little too "strenuous." The iron and steel production has now increased to about 21 million tons a year in this country. But since 500 pounds of iron on an average are consumed per head, what can be the end? We positively cannot take iron for breakfast.

The real reason is overproduction, and the reason of overproduction is the enormous profit which the production of iron and steel has returned of late years. During the crisis of the nineties raw iron was sold at \$9 a ton; last year it cost about \$22. At the same time the cost of production had scarcely increased, if for wages have risen a little, on the other hand the more modern furnaces are so far superior that the cost of production per ton has even diminished. This can be proved by figures. The enormous profits—promoted by a high protective tariff—has stimulated production. There is no lack of raw material, neither of coke nor of ore, and if a hundred per cent profit can be made, of course this is done, and thus the matter is explained very simply.

Iron ore is now sold at \$15 a ton, which price still gives most manufacturers a considerable profit. They have resolved to maintain this price and therefore have limited the product.

But why is nothing said about the strikes of the capitalists? Take for example the cotton crisis, which prevailed during the last few months. It was not brought about by an absolute lack of raw material. The "visible supply" of cotton never fell below some hundred thousand bales. But first a clique made a corner and drove the price up to a fabulous point, and then the manufacturers found it more profitable to sell their stock of cotton than to have it worked up. They threw their workmen out into the street without any remorse. Moreover all over our blessed country the cotton crisis was a very opportune occasion for the manufacturers—including the manufacturers of "all vital goods"—to throw down their workmen.

Finally, to cite yet another, but very essential cause of the dull times: For a considerable time the stock market has been in a constant fever. After it proved impossible to quietly palm off on the public the tens of millions of "values" without value, which had been "created" in the recent trust-making period, after the stock speculators came off so badly in their tug-of-war game, in which their bait was swallowed by the brokers and bankers in the shape of interest and commissions, the game had to come to an end. Then followed the liquidation of "the undigested stocks" and with it the drop in prices. And now the public, while it had half a loaf left, threw on the market of the stocks it had purchased, in order not to lose the whole loaf. And thus of course the situation was made still worse. The greater the trouble in stocks, the greater is the "want of confidence," and no one will enter into new enterprises if it is to be feared that a panic may set in any day.

It is the old story of the sheep which the wolf accused of troubling the water. The capitalists are trying to shift the responsibility for the results of their own excesses. The wolf cries out that it is the sheep which has spoiled the water for him, while the sheep is always down the stream.

Victor L. Berger.

Some reader of The Herald has favored us with a Haverhill paper containing an account of a capitalist campaign meeting in that city at which the principal speakers were Martha Moore Avery and David Goldstein, former Socialists who failed to get control of the party in Boston and then sold themselves to the enemy. These two disreputables are now being used against the Socialists in the local Massachusetts campaigns in a despairing effort of the capitalist class to suppress the political movement of the working class of New England.

Of course, honest criticism of Socialism is not to be expected from this unsavory pair, and yet it is surprising to a Socialist to notice that the chief burden of their speeches was to the effect that Socialists stand for free love. Our acquaintance with Socialists throughout the country is not limited, and it has been our observation that there is no class of people more free from sexual perversions than the members of the Socialist army. We should like to be able to say as much for the people who believe in capitalism, but a land dotted with brothels does not argue for purity on their part, any more than do the orgies that go on in high society in every city in the land!

In looking over the Socialists of our own city we know them to be high-minded and pure-minded people, for belief in Socialism makes for decency in all things. And here is a curious fact, that the only doubt we have ever heard expressed to Socialists in New England concerned these two renegades, Goldstein and Avery, whose personal relations were said to reflect no credit on the movement. Strange—and yet it is strange! that it should be these two who are now bandying the unspeakable foul slander of free love against the Socialists?

When the Republican party was strong and had not as yet been captured by the harlot of capitalism, it was charged with favoring free love. And those who hurled the charge in those days were no lower in the moral decency than this foul Boston pair, Avery and Goldstein.

Socialism is even more than a better question. It is a question and a question of the things modern society must produce.

"There is no wealth but character," prates Herbert Casson. Then Casson must still be a poor man in spite of his self-outs!

When Grover Cleveland talks of good citizenship he does not refer to his action when president of protecting his office to the purpose of a real estate deal that made him a millionaire!

Elijah Dowie in his crusade in New York cried out that the New York ministers were "sniveling hypocrites protected by the cloth of Christ," which is pretty close to the mark. He said that if a tent was put over the city it would be one seething brothel—which it must also be admitted was a bulls-eye shot! "The best families are the most immoral," he said, which nobody can deny, either.

The newspapers are much concerned because Mrs. Putter Palmer of Chicago is ill of typhoid fever in Paris. Every day the class that she gets her plunder from as a parasite on our human bees, presents cases of the saddest of deaths, due to poor nourishment, dangerous habitations and the wear and tear of their wretched drudgery to pile up profits for the plundering class, and the papers do not waste a tear over it.

Out in Telluride, Colo., the Socialists have been getting a great deal of amusement out of an attempt of the authorities to shut off their propaganda street meetings. The trials themselves have been great propaganda meetings. There was scarcely standing room in the court house. Comrade Floaten, one of the men arrested, emphasized the point that he was arrested because he was a Socialist, when pleading his case before the jury, and explained the philosophy and program of the Socialist party so the jury might judge if a man should be arrested because he adhered to those principles. The judge called him down twice for leaving the subject. At the second trial the jury acquitted Floaten and the other cases were dismissed, except that of Comrade J. C. Barnes, which was postponed until December. The expense to the city was about \$1,200. The local comrades held a celebration when Floaten was acquitted.

Have you given a thought to the epidemic of corruption exposures that is sweeping over the country? Have you thought of why there should be such a bunching of exposures at just the time, and why, if the rotteness existed, it was not uncovered long ago? There is one thing certain, this coming to light of municipal corruption in a wholesale way, and in various cities at the same time, has its significance for the student of social science. Leaving out the government probing into the rotten postoffice scandals, we have seen Minneapolis indict her mayor and other officials for making themselves rich by selling indulgences to vice, we have seen a wholesale uncovering of administrative and legislative crooks at St. Louis, Milwaukee is having a capitalistic spasm of virtue, Chicago has been caught red-handed in official corruption with the mayor admitting that every city department harbored crooks, and New York has been at it, and Detroit, Pittsburgh, and so on and on even down to the smaller cities. What does it mean, and why has it happened now instead of at some other time? Without doubt municipal rotteness has existed for years, but it would seem that it has grown in magnitude in recent years, and we do not hesitate to lay the blame at the door of our "leading" citizens! These predatory capitalists are banded together in corporations and other "business" undertakings. These bodies, through trust agents have been growing bolder each year in "corrupting" legislation. They have done a great deal to make the municipal atmosphere hopelessly corrupt and their quiet help has encouraged "wide-open town" mayors to get into office. Thus it is that municipal rotteness has been caused by just the sort of men that the ignorant citizen looks to stop corruption. Seeing this corruption all about him, the hoodlum has become an arch-hoodlum, the heelers a legislative hold-up man. The development of capitalism is not at a standstill. It is unfolding day by day. This happens, therefore, to be just the time when capitalistic municipal corruption has reached the stage where it has been forced by its growth to stop over in public, and hence the epidemic of exposures. Now don't let us be misunderstood. We charge boldly that it is our most "respectable" citizen who is the arch-enemy of purity in municipal affairs. It is on him that the light should be turned. Far and away, he is the greatest hypocrite and the greatest rascal the modern system of society has produced!

This eminently capitalistic age we are living in is certainly not an age of social purity. In proof of this just open your eyes to the latest paper of the women of the upper ten. It consists in catching hold of the skirt behind while walking and drawing it up sideways in such a way as to clearly mark the outlines of that portion of the anatomy known to the small boy as "the spanking place." Nature has favored womankind with an ample amount of avoidalpois at this part of the figure, and our "respectable" society women, rotten-minded most of them, have discovered that the sort of display we have described tends to attract the attention of prurient-minded men, and they are making the most of the discovery! It certainly disowns the days of "palpitators" and also keeps us in mind of the fact that capitalism is fast turning immodestly into outright rotteness, from which only Socialism can rescue the people.

See that your neighbor reads The Herald. This is the way to spread Socialism.

The Herald of this week is issued under the difficulties inseparable from moving from its old location to the new. Things are in something of a turmoil and it will be a week probably before we can feel that we are settled and in smooth working shape. A glance at the funds below will show what Socialism means and that our workers have not left us in the lurch in a critical hour. We are simply forced to move, even though we could scarcely see how the expense was to be met. It was impossible to do good work in the old quarters, it was completely and in all ways outgrown. Yet, had it not been for that faith which Socialists have in the co-operation of the comrades at large, we should have remained at 614 State street. Give the funds and you can, comrades—"All for the Cause," you know! And another thing. Please be patient with us if your letters are not promptly answered, or if your orders are not filled immediately. It will only be for a few days that there is confusion, and then we will be able to give a service far ahead of anything in the past.

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No. 150	5.00
Temperance lecture	.50
Not to be named	.25
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17. Beulah	.75
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Earl Germain, Jr.	.40
Henry Heuer	.50
Anton Pudner	.25
Frank Risch	.25
Chas. Dehling	1.25
Fred. Althen	.50
Total	\$78.24

Addressing Machine Fund.	
Previously acknowledged	\$325.00
A. Beck, city	5.00
Wm. Boecker, Chilton, Wis.	10.00
Total	\$340.00
Donations Addressing Machine Fund.	
Previously acknowledged	\$20.00
K. K. city	1.00
T. M. Watson, Whitewater	1.00
John Erdman, city	.50
Nick. F. Peterson, city	.25
Total	\$22.75

The workers are better off now than they used to be, we are told by the capitalists. Well, if they are, it is because of their own struggles to keep the capitalists from actually skinning them alive! But measured by its productiveness under modern methods, the working class is robbed worse today than ever in the world's history.

Capitalism is in a bad fix. There is now a solid, planful, fanatically unswervable Socialist movement throughout the land, for which the people at large are coming to have respect. When the hard times break with full force upon the people they are more than liable to see a refuge that did not exist during former panic years, that is, they are pretty certain to fly for succor to the Socialist movement. Some pretty rapid history is going to be made, or we miss our guess, and capitalism may find the people's resentment for their tragic wrongs, long endured, led into a channel it will not relish.

Eight common working slaves lost their lives by the falling of a crane in Pittsburg the other day. But it didn't matter very much—there were plenty of others ready to jump into the jobs! What a system it is, when the violent enforcement of several workers comes as a boon to others who are out of work and in danger of starvation. How often you hear the remark: "A fire is a good thing; it destroys property which has to be rebuilt and therefore makes more work." But people who reason in that capitalistic way do not quite dare to follow their logic to its logical conclusion and say that the killing off of workingmen is a good thing, because it makes jobs for others who are in need of work!

The top-line on our first page last week was suggested by National Committeeman Kerigan, of Texas.

If the goddess of Justice were really blind as claimed she might occasionally run down the rich rascals by mistake—but she doesn't. She sees too well!

Chicago has appropriated \$3,000 out of its city treasury to use in cleaning the grafters out of the city hall! We wonder how much of the \$3,000 will find its way into the grafters' pockets!

Socialistic trade unionists who will go as delegates to the A. F. of L. convention at Boston, will oblige us if they will acquaint us with the fact, also the name of the body they represent.

It is a dirty bird that befools its own nest, says the old maxim. And we are reminded of this when we read of Martha Moore Avery now denouncing Socialism as an immoral movement after having been active in that very movement for twelve years! Does she mean to tell us that she has finally developed a moral nature?

When the working class—the class upon whom the country depends—really get it into their heads that this government is thoroughly out of sympathy with them and that it regards them as nobodies, they will combine at the polls and change the government.

The centuries have been red with the blood of the workers. The past written history is made up principally of accounts of the doings of parasites made into heroes and the real people overlooked. The day of reckoning ought to be due by this time, but revenge for the wrongs of the centuries is a thing impossible to put into execution—the cumulative wrongs are too overwhelming for calculation and no reparation is possible to the victims long dead. The working people can afford to be forgiving, but they cannot afford to tolerate further injustice. They are massing to take their final stand against capitalist usurpation. The line of battle is being squarely drawn, the great battle is just ahead. Onward to the fray! For Humanity and Right, for Economic Liberty and Justice!!

An Oshkosh daily goes into hysterics because the Socialists of Milwaukee refused to accept a place on the committee of ten named by the citizens to smell out corruption and help purify the city hall and county board. But the Socialists know that nothing of permanent value can come from the work of such a committee. Also, they do not believe in punishment so much as they do in prevention—in changing conditions so that men in public life are not led into corruption. Also, they know that the plan of a committee of citizens as citizens with capitalist minds usually go, would be to punish the bribe takers and whitewash the bribe-givers—the "respectable" leading citizens. And also they knew that the investigation would be a farce, helped on by business men with reputations none the best, whose activity would be explained by the old story about the biggest rogue yelling "stop thief" loudest to avert suspicion from himself. The Socialists did not propose to be compromised by getting mixed up with such an affair, for after the investigation had flailed out it would be just papers like the Oshkosh daily who would point with exultation to the fact that even Socialists had tried to investigate corruption and been able to find none. And in proof of our claim that the investigation will be a sort of "stop thief" humbug, we may point to the fact that one of the men who is busily himself in passing the hat round to raise funds for the purposes of the committee of ten is ex-Boss Wall, the recent president of the chamber of commerce, a man who rose suspiciously from comparative poverty to great wealth and a mansion on Prospect avenue, through the combination of his position as boss of the Democratic party and that of general manager of the electric lighting company! The memory of those rotten days in local affairs is still fresh with many citizens, who remember how Henry C. Payne, one of the worst political rascals that ever breathed, was the Republican boss and Wall was the Democratic boss, and how at the same time THEY'RE BUSINESS PARTNERS, Payne as general manager of the street railway company and Wall as general manager of the lighting company, the two corporations being owned by the same bunch of Eastern capitalists. Astonishing indeed it was that these two political rascals could pull the wool over the voters' eyes and manage campaigns against each other and stand together in corrupting local legislation and getting valuable franchises and concessions free, without interruption. Yet it was a fact, nevertheless. Now this man Wall is going to help purify the city and county government! Ye gods!!

Capitalism is getting more panicky every day. It is approaching a smash. And periodical smashes are inevitable under the workings of the capitalistic wage and profit system. Under it the working class works for wages that do not enable it to buy back its product. As the working class is also the buying class, this means that every so often the upchucked goods accumulate to such an extent that the production of them has to be curtailed, which means added distress in the working army, and a consequent further lessening of the working class's purchasing ability, and so the smash begins. Even looking for foreign markets for the disposal of the surplus goods only eases up the problem a little, for other countries are piling up surpluses also. It's a crazy system, as you must admit. Any man who will look it squarely in the face must admit that as managers of the country's industry the capitalist class is a great failure, and that it ought to make way for better management—management that has in view the rights of every individual to an ample living, instead of the profits of a small capitalist class.

The great ship Prosperity sprung another leak last week when two big Baltimore trust companies went to the wall for little matter of ten millions of dollars. The news of the smash caused a ticklish feeling in financial circles all over the country, we are told, and stocks declined and several smaller concerns had to give up the ghost also. Wonderful business system, isn't it, when ten millions can be "lost" so easily! But we must not criticize our great business men. They are the genius of our American institutions, you know!

Next week we will tell you about The Herald's old and new quarters and give a view of the new quarters as well as the old.

SIXTH YEAR.

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## CRIMES OF CAPITALISM.

EUGENE V. DEBS ON THE EXPOSURES OF THE DAWES COMMISSION.—A NEGRO BOY'S EXPERIENCE.

HE FRAUDS and other outrages perpetrated upon the few remaining Indians in the name of our ruined civilization are shocking beyond expression. From the very first landing of the white man the shameless crime of spoliation began. The "savage" must be civilized! And forthwith deceit, duplicity, theft and murder were enlisted in the conquest.

The history of this conquest is crimson with crime. The残酷 atrocities and most bloodthirsty vindictiveness of the American Indian were inspired and fanned into flame by the treachery and rapine of the marauding and plundering civilization.

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**A SOCIALISTIC EDITORIAL FROM THE DETROIT DAILY TIMES.****ONLY GETTING WHAT THEY VOTED FOR!**

It is always pleasant to see men get what they ask for.

In fact, nothing else is quite so pleasant except to see men spared from getting what they did not ask for and did not want.

Two exhibitions of such felicity are now on at the Canadian Soo.

Fifteen hundred Finns who *happened* to come over from Europe about the time that Mr. Clergue's Consolidated Lake Superior Co. need cheap labor, voted for—or failed to vote agains—, which is practically the same thing—, candidates of political parties that are organized for the purpose of maintaining the splendid system of production that gives a laborer one-fifth of his product and his capital employer the other four-fifths.

In doing so, they voted for a militia to shoot them down, provided they should ever be goaded to crime by any wrongs that their employers might try to inflict upon them.

Furthermore, the workingmen themselves kindly volunteered to constitute the militia, as they do everywhere else, a soldiery composed of rich men being unknown in any country.

**Free Speech In Kansas.**

Wichita, Kan.—Rev. Granville Lowther, vice president of the American Socialist College, Wichita, Kan., was arrested Oct. 9th at Great Bend, Kan., for speaking on the street. Dr. Lowther was making a Socialist speech on the street when the marshall came along and ordered him to go to the park and speak. He told the marshall he would do so, and explained to the audience that the street belonged to them and that the marshall was their servant, but that, notwithstanding the fact that he had a right to speak on the street provided the sidewalk was not obstructed, he would comply with the request of the authorities. He then announced he would speak at the court house that night and requested them to come and hear him. We ceased speaking, but as he turned to walk away, the officer arrested him.

He was then taken to the police court and fined. The city attorney prosecuted the case, and Dr. Lowther plead in his own defense. He refused, however, to pay his fine and was therefore sent to jail but the comrades insisted on paying his fine and securing his release.

What action will be taken regarding the matter since the fine was paid we cannot say at present writing. However, we think it would have been better to have appealed the case at once instead of paying the fine. It is not always easy to decide a case of this kind on short notice. Upon Dr. Lowther's return to Wichita the case will be considered by the local comrades, and if any recourse is possible the matter will be pushed vigorously.

W. A. Ross, Secy.

The Herald ten weeks, ten cents.

**A. S. EDWARDS** is again active in the lecture field and devoting his time to ACTIVATION FOR SOCIALISM. Write for dates and terms.

**EDWARDS' "AGITATORS"** is a new game of cards that reaches nearly 1000 cards and contains 1000 questions and exacting what many comrades desire of becoming public speakers have a look at it. Get any one of the following books—A. S. EDWARDS, 249 Madison Avenue, Chicago.

**"HAND-OUT" SOCIALIST MAKERS.**

Here's your chance to get good Propaganda Leaflets!

1. "Are Socialists Practical?" by Victor L. Berger.
2. "Parable of the Water Tank," by Edward Bellamy.
3. "Death Knell of Liberty" (the new military law) by Herald Editor.
4. "A Word to the Rich," by Victor L. Berger.

IN PREPARATION:

5. "Does Labor Conquer Everything?" by Eugene V. Debs.

NOTE: We still have left some of the WISCONSIN STATE PLATFORM. Same price as the others.

The above leaflets, single or assorted, may be had for \$1.00 a thousand, 60 cents for 500 or 15 cents for 100.

**Social Democratic Herald, 614 State St., MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN.**

**PIANO STOOL AND SCARFS**

AT WHOLESALE COST. Just to even more popularize this busy Piano Department, this week we shall sell Piano Stools and Scarfs at Exactly Wholesale Cost Price. Come tomorrow and see the Extraordinary Piano Bargains that are now ready.

**FREE!** THIS WEEK WE SHALL ALSO GIVE A SHEET OF MUSIC FREE TO EVERY VISITOR. \*\*\*\*\*

Piano Department moved to ground floor of Annex. CORNER THIRD STREET & GRAND AVENUE.

**W. A. GUNKLIN, - Boston Store, - MILWAUKEE.**

PAUL F. SCHILLER, Pres.

R. RAASCH, Secy.

BERN. MCKANN, Treas.

**CREAM CITY FUEL CO.,****WOOD, COAL,  
SLABS & EDGINGS.**

Office and Yard:

31st and Brown Sts.

MILWAUKEE, WIS.

KINDLING WOOD at \$2.00 per Load.

Out of work, with no money and a hard winter staring them in the face, they very foolishly and very wickedly resorted to violence.

They broke into a hardware store and stole all the firearms they could find.

Then they broke in the costly windows of the company's offices to batter down a door, were greeted by shots from within and then went on a general tour of destruction.

Whereupon the local government, the head of which, the mayor, only 24 hours before, had joined with an officer of the company in heralding to the world that there was no danger of violence at the Soo and threatening to sue newspapers that contained reports to the contrary, called out the militia stationed in the city and telegraphed to Toronto for more.

The local soldiers were provided with cartridges loaded to kill and it is announced that if there is any more trouble at the Soo, there will be several Finns who will never need to care anything more about pay days or jobs, because they will be in the cemetery.

All of which is very pleasing, because these Finns are evidently getting just what they wanted—or, at any rate, what they might reasonably have expected when they voted as they did.

The other side of the pleasant picture is afforded by the gentlemen who constitute the Consolidated Lake Superior Co.

They voted for a government that they knew would not do anything serious to them 'till they should happen to keep their men at work when they knew they had no money with which to pay them and therefore they will *not* get what they did *not* vote for and do not want—justice.

If they were to get justice, possibly the court, in passing sentence upon them, would explain that it was not sufficient to *intend* to pay their employees *sometime*; that those poor Finns were living from hand to mouth and that the retention of their wages even for a few weeks not only would work great hardship among them, but might incite them to violence, as it has now done.

Capitalist government is a great thing—for the capitalists. They can withhold the wages of their employees and pay them when

they please—or what amounts to the same thing to the workingmen—when the snail-paced courts say they must.

If such injustice provoke the ignorant, or the unthinking to violence, there are soldiers a-plenty to shoot them down.

And the strange thing about it is that these soldiers are all working-men to.

It seems as if the voters and the soldiers would sometimes realize that they were all workingmen and ask themselves why they should want to kill each other, why it would not be wiser to vote in such a manner that such disturbances could never exist?

But such perplexities never come to the comfortable, contended capitalist. There are dozens of men in the Consolidated Lake Superior Co., any one of whom could pay all the wages that are due to the frenzied Finns without feeling the loss.

But they never permit themselves to be annoyed by a little thing like the spectacle of some penniless employees to whom they owe money.

It's easier to sit tight and let the militia shoot them down.

ian program, including collective ownership of land, were adopted. The following demands were made: An effective law protecting women, the election of women factory inspectors, old age government pensions going into effect at the age of 55, prevention of disoccupation by establishing the eight hours' day, insurance against disoccupation, a minimum limit of wages, state and municipal public works for the unemployed, agricultural colonies, etc.

**From National Headquarters.**

Omaha, Neb., Oct. 17.—The following contributions have been made to the Special Organizing Fund since last report:

Local San Diego, California, \$3,600  
Local Rock Island, Illinois, 1,000  
Local Worcester, Massachusetts, Otto Kaemmerer, St. Louis, Mo., 50

Louis Rogowin, St. Louis, Mo., 50  
C. Knecht, Poplar Bluff, Mo., 1,000  
Tom Kinzie, Poplar Bluff, Mo., 25  
S. F. C. Manchester, N. H., 10  
Wm. Hammel, New Ulm, Minnesota, Louis Arnstein, Dover, N. H., 50  
M. Harrison, Dover, N. H., 25  
Timothy Sullivan, Graniteville, Vermont, 1,000

German Branch, Local Baltimore, Md., 7,000  
Branch t. Local Cleveland, O., 5,000  
H. H. II, Seattle, Wash., 20  
Arthur Litten, Rescue, Cal., 1,000

Total to noon, Oct. 17th... \$33,400  
Previously reported.... 2,060,420

Total..... \$2,093,820

The increasing business of the national office has compelled the addition of another room to the headquarters, the address of which is now 302, 303, 304 McCague Building, Omaha, Neb.

Hanford is in Missouri; Goebel in Texas; Wilkins in Washington; Bigelow in the Indian Territory; McKee in Arizona; Hyland in Nebraska; Bennett begins in South Dakota, Oct. 14th; Tower in West Virginia. Ray cannot, for private reasons, begin his Georgia tour until Nov. 1st.

Ben Hanford's lecture dates up

to Nov. 10th are as follows: Iowa, Oct. 24; Hiteman, 25; Keb, 26; Clinton, 27; Des Moines, 28; Marshalltown, 31; Sioux City, Nebraska, Nov. 1; Omaha, 2; Plattsburgh, 4; Kearney, 5; North Platte, 6; Cheyenne, 7; Wyoming, 8; Albuquerque, 9; Tucson, 10; El Paso, 11; San Antonio, 12; Dallas, 13; Fort Worth, 14; Oklahoma City, 15; Tulsa, 16; Muskogee, 17; McAlester, 18; Ponca City, 19; Norman, 20; Stillwater, 21; Lawton, 22; Wichita Falls, 23; Amarillo, 24; Lubbock, 25; Abilene, 26; San Angelo, 27; Dallas, 28; Fort Worth, 29; Houston, 30; Galveston, 31; Austin, 1; San Antonio, 2; Corpus Christi, 3; Brownsville, 4; Laredo, 5; Del Rio, 6; El Paso, 7; Juarez, 8; Ciudad Juarez, 9; Mexicali, 10; Tijuana, 11; Mexicali, 12; Mexicali, 13; Mexicali, 14; Mexicali, 15; Mexicali, 16; Mexicali, 17; Mexicali, 18; Mexicali, 19; Mexicali, 20; Mexicali, 21; Mexicali, 22; Mexicali, 23; Mexicali, 24; Mexicali, 25; Mexicali, 26; Mexicali, 27; Mexicali, 28; Mexicali, 29; Mexicali, 30; Mexicali, 31; Mexicali, 32; 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# Social Democratic Herald

Published every Saturday by the

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Editor.

Official Paper of the Federated Trades Council of Milwaukee and of the Wisconsin State Federation of Labor.

Entered at Milwaukee Post-office as Second-class Matter, Aug. 20, 1901.

## What International Socialism Demands:

1. Collective ownership of public utilities and all industries in the hands of Trusts and Combinations.
2. Democratic management of such collective industry.
3. Reduction of the hours of labor and progressively increased remuneration.
4. State and National Insurance for the workers and honorable rest for old age.
5. The inauguration of public industries to safeguard the workers against lack of employment.
6. Education of ALL children up to the age of 18 years. No child labor.
7. Equal political and civil rights for men and women.

If you believe in the above vote with the Social Democrats.

## Exploiting the Poor Capitalists!

A new form of grafting has sprung up in this country, to which it may be well to direct our attention, at least briefly. This new form of grafting finds easy victims among the capitalists, by means of which certain men who would otherwise have to earn their bread by the sweat of their faces as members of the working-army, fix up for themselves lives of comparative ease, with capitalism apparently footing the bills.

Living by one's wits is an accomplishment that developed long ago in the feeble Yankee brain. It is always capable of new applications and modifications as the capitalist system unfolds, and in a good many cases the grafting is upon the capitalist class itself; that is, the grafters so shape their scheme that the living it yields comes out of the plunder the capitalists secure from labor.

Under the capitalist system there are two ways of making wealth. The one way is the legitimate way, that of producing it by hard toil. The great bulk of the male population of society (and the women and children, too, alas!) are forced into hard labor to bring into existence the wealth needed by society. The system then despoils them of the greater part of it.

Then the second process of "making" wealth takes place. It is that process known as "making money," which consists in getting the dollars from one pocket into another. By methods legitimate and illegitimate, by means of rent, profit and interest, by dishonesty, legal and illegal, by sharp practice and even by gambling and outright burglary, the division of the spoils of labor is carried on. And as this scramble of the market, this thing called commercialism, knows no right but might, the system has to be bolstered up by police forces, jails and penitentiaries to protect the one rascal from the others. There are big city office buildings filled to overflow with men living by their wits. Many of them get their living without work and they don't care who foots the bills so long as they get a respectable living.

One of the latest schemes of this class of human vampires consists in luring the capitalists—who are often stupid men in many ways—into the organization of anti-organized labor associations which provide the schemers with fat jobs as secretaries and editors of official papers. In this the capitalists have been found particularly "easy," and so we see such associations in existence as the National Economic League, the Civic Federation, the National Manufacturers' Association, and the like, all with nice berths attached.

It is a graft that works well just now. How long it will continue we do not pretend to know. Nor do we care. The rich are parasites, and it is nothing new in nature to see parasites support still other parasites. And in this instance, in the last analysis, labor supports both!

And now a new and meaner variety of grafted has come upon the scene.

Discovering that the rich class was becoming disturbed over the steady, relentless growth of Socialism in this country, these fears have been dwelt upon and the capitalists made to feel that an anti-Socialist press was a necessity to counteract the mischievous poison of collectivism—the red specter, as it has been called. One Herbert Casson left off in this disreputable business. Later on, an anti-Socialist paper was launched at Haverhill, Mass., a large manufacturing city in which the working class has had the audacity to assert its collective strength at the ballot box, with the result that it elected the first Socialist mayor in the country and still "holds the fort." Now a second paper has made its appearance, edited by F. G. R. Gordon, at one time a worker in the Socialist ranks, but whose usefulness to that movement was somewhat impaired by certain revelations regarding relations with old party politicians. When the Socialist movement became uncongenial, Gordon flew to that foxy opponent of Socialism, Samuel Gompers, and doubtless had Gompers' endorsement to the Haverhill capitalists, via the Mark Hanna route, when he, Gordon, decided to graft upon that particular and promising field.

A copy of this latest effusion lies on our table. One leading scare-head reads: "Socialist Platform a Mass of Untruth," and elsewhere on the front page we find Casson's absurd screed about Greenbaum's report reprinted. All through the paper are articles attempting to rehabilitate that worn out lie about Socialism being against the purity of the home and the right of the people to worship as they please. An especial attempt is made to inflame Catholic working slaves in New England against our party and our philosophy, but it is a far-fetched attempt and reminds us of some of the A. P. A. absurdities that floated about the country some years ago.

All in all the Haverhill paper is a good illustration of the bankruptcy of facts the opponent of Socialism possesses, and it is our guess that the capitalists who are putting up for the grafters will wait in time learn that they are being flim-flammed. But while the graft lasts it is a good one.

Alex. B. McCulloch writes from Manchester, Md., to ask when the S. L. P. fused with other parties, as charged in our editorial note in explanation of the form of the original resolution of the national committee on the subject of fusion. In the resolution it was stated that at the present stage of development of the movement there was no excuse for fusion with other movements, the phrasing of this portion of the resolution was by Comrade Hillquit, if we are not mistaken, who was a former S. L. P. and familiar with the past history of the party in this country. This portion was amended later because it might seem to some to mean that a future stage of development might make fusion possible—which, of course, is contrary to all Socialist principles. As to our correspondent's question we simply acquaint him with the facts that Comrade Hillquit undoubtedly had in mind: That the S. L. P. fused with the Henry Georgelites in New York state in 1886, and that prior to that the party had at various places round the country fused with the Greenbackers. It was during the fusion with the Georgelites that Daniel Deacon came into prominence in the party.

Labor reports from all over the country show that large numbers of workers are losing their employment. This is the tragedy of life for the industrious under a capitalistic competitive system. Aren't you proud of it?

Please note The Herald's new address: 344 Sixth street.

See that your neighbor is reading Socialist literature. Put the Herald on his doorstep.

# SOCIAL DEMOCRATIC HERALD.

## ANNOYED BY HIS SHADOW!

IT IS A DEAD GIVE-AWAY, FOR CORRUPTION IS SIMPLY EVERYDAY BUSINESS DISHONESTY CARRIED INTO PUBLIC OFFICE.



FOR FEAR THE PUBLIC WILL RECOGNIZE WHOSE SHADOW IT IS, THE "LEADING CITIZEN" TAKES THE LEAD IN AGITATIONS AGAINST CORRUPTION!!!!

BUT CORRUPTION WILL CONTINUE UNTIL CAPITALIST PARTIES ARE DRIVEN FROM THE FIELD.

## HALF HOURS IN THE HERALD SANCTUM.

Editor Social Democratic Herald: Comrade Spargo in his reply to Father McGrady states among other things that he is prepared to discuss the question at issue ("Cheap Socialism or Graft?") with any comrade who approaches it in good faith. Well—I am prepared to accept the challenge. I have been in the movement from boyhood. The Russian government first conferred upon me the honor of arresting me as an old political offender in 1884 and I am no longer a "spring chicken." All I accomplished for myself in Russia by my participation in the Socialistic battle was years of imprisonment, separation from my family and friends, exile for years in an arctic wilderness (where the sun does not rise above the horizon for months and the only diet consists of fish of more than doubtful freshness) and life-long exile from the country of my fathers.

My activity as a writer for Socialist publications in the United States brought me "kicks" and "glory," but nothing more substantial. Comrade Spargo cannot therefore, by any stretch of imagination call me a "grafter." Besides this negative qualification (of not being a grafter) I may claim a positive one. I approach the question in good faith as I do not have the honor of personal acquaintance with either of the comrades—neither with Spargo nor with McGrady. One more explanatory word I must add before I try to answer the question: Who's the grafter? I do not write this letter in order to defend Comrade McGrady. I am certain he can defend himself and is able to stand on his own merit.

Comrade Spargo starts in with a grandiloquent accusation of Comrade McGrady, that he has dealt in personalities in his reply. I think that Comrade Spargo is not fair in this accusation.

The first letter of Comrade Spargo, addressed to the editor of the Social Democratic Herald, was full of personal invectives, it was in fact written in the characteristic style of "The People" and I was actually disappointed when I found the signature of Comrade Spargo, instead of "The Greatest of All

Daniels," at the bottom of the letter. Comrade McGrady's personal allusions were a direct reply to Father McGrady's indirect insinuations, that was all.

The statement of Comrade McGrady: "Services (in the Socialist movement, as long as capitalism rules—when Socialism will be an accomplished fact there will be no need either of Comrade Spargo's or Comrade McGrady's services) today are worth just what they will bring in the capitalistic market, for the law of competition is the measure of price," is perfectly correct and true. The fact that Comrade Spargo made this statement proves only that he is not used to "Revolutionary cant" so dear to the hearts of the adherents of "cheap Socialism."

Comrade McGrady knows too well that the capitalistic measure of price is not a correct one, nor a just one. However he has common sense enough to realize the futility of denying the facts of actual life. To call Comrade McGrady, for the mere statement of an economic truth "a strange product—a Socialist with a capitalistic mind and soul" is simply DISHONEST.

Indeed it is not Comrade McGrady, but his opponent who proves by his own words that he is "a strange product" etc.

If Socialism stands for anything—it stands for the maxim: "All the product of toil to the toiler." If capitalism stands for anything it is for the maxim: "As little to the toiler from his product of his toil as possible."

Capitalists never pay even to their most trusted and highly valued servants more than they actually are compelled to. They exploit even their speakers, writers, agitators, etc. The price of services on the capitalistic market is always lower than the actual value of these services. This is the very essence of the parasitic system we Socialists are fighting against.

We Socialists cannot pay higher prices for services rendered to our cause than the market price, because we live in a parasitic system. But we ought not to exploit those who render these services more than the capitalists do at least.

Comrade Spargo tries to cover his "capitalistic mind and soul" by euphemous phrases about "self-sacrifice" and cites Karl Marx as an example.

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Comrade McGrady knows too well that the capitalistic measure of price is not a correct one, nor a just one. However he has common sense enough to realize the futility of denying the facts of actual life. To call Comrade McGrady, for the mere statement of an economic truth "a strange product—a Socialist with a capitalistic mind and soul" is simply DISHONEST.

Indeed it is not Comrade McGrady, but his opponent who proves by his own words that he is "a strange product" etc.

If Socialism stands for anything—it stands for the maxim: "All the product of toil to the toiler." If capitalism stands for anything it is for the maxim: "As little to the toiler from his product of his toil as possible."

Capitalists never pay even to their most trusted and highly valued servants more than they actually are compelled to. They exploit even their speakers, writers, agitators, etc. The price of services on the capitalistic market is always lower than the actual value of these services. This is the very essence of the parasitic system we Socialists are fighting against.

We Socialists cannot pay higher prices for services rendered to our cause than the market price, because we live in a parasitic system. But we ought not to exploit those who render these services more than the capitalists do at least.

Comrade Spargo tries to cover his "capitalistic mind and soul" by euphemous phrases about "self-sacrifice" and cites Karl Marx as an example.

Comrade Spargo starts in with a grandiloquent accusation of Comrade McGrady, that he has dealt in personalities in his reply. I think that Comrade Spargo is not fair in this accusation.

The first letter of Comrade Spargo, addressed to the editor of the Social Democratic Herald, was full of personal invectives, it was in fact written in the characteristic style of "The People" and I was actually disappointed when I found the signature of Comrade Spargo, instead of "The Greatest of All

Daniels," at the bottom of the letter. Comrade McGrady's personal allusions were a direct reply to Father McGrady's indirect insinuations, that was all.

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## FEDERATED TRADES COUNCIL OF MILWAUKEE

HEADQUARTERS: 318 STATE STREET, SECOND FLOOR.

The Regular Meetings of the Council are held first and third Wednesdays at 8 o'clock, at 298 Fourth Street, Second Floor.

## OFFICERS:

JOHN REICHERT, 318 State St.  
FREDERIC HEER, 614 State St.  
HERMAN HUNGER, 614 State St.  
GUSTAV VON BECHER, 510 Newhall St.  
M. WEISERFLUCH, 617 Eleventh St.  
Business Agent, FRANK J. WEBER, 318 State Street.

JOHN REICHERT, M. J. Berner, Secy., 1015 Kinnickinnic Ave.; James Sheehan, Wm. H. Neuman, Chairman, Building Trade Section  
Building Trade Section meets first and third Mondays, at 318 State St. Building Trade Section  
Meets every second and fourth Thursdays, at headquarters. Miscellaneous Section meets

every second and fourth Tuesdays, at headquarters.

THE TRADES COUNCIL COMMITTEE: F. E. Neuman, Chairman, 318 State St.  
J. J. Welch, Phil. Eberle, Secretary, LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEE:  
Chairman, J. J. Welch; Vice-Chairman, J. J. Welch; Fredric Heath, GRIEVANCE COMMITTEE: Jas. Sieben, Chairman,  
Chairman, J. J. Welch; A. Hammer, Wm. Diedrich, P. A. Nelson.

ALWAYS DEMAND THE UNION LABEL!

On motion the shop was put on unfair list. Report from Organization and Grievance committees as to Monarch Rubber Co. received and placed on file.

Delegate Rooney, from the Paternmakers, presented resolutions on the A. F. of L. convention, which after long discussion were amended by him so as to read:

Whereas, It is evident to all intelligent persons that the present activity in the industrial world can not long continue, if indeed it has not already begun to abate.

We know by experience that such periods of activity as we are now experiencing are invariably followed by equally long periods of great distress, when large numbers of willing workers are thrown out of work, and a condition exists which shows in the most glaring manner the incompetency of the present ruling class—that is, the capitalist class.

The capitalist class having in their possession the machinery by which an abundant living for all might be produced, proclaims through such misery that their rule entails their utter unfitness to be entrusted with the affairs of society. That this machinery, our heritage, must be taken from the possession of its present reputed owners and vested in society before the demands embodied in the constitution of our several organizations can be said to have been fulfilled, is the opinion of every honest investigator.

These facts so potent to every inquiring mind are, strange to say, combatted by the present administration of

S. J. WINNIK,  
New and Old Stoves, Hardware,  
Tinware, Woodware, Crockery  
and Glassware.

1250-1254 Third Street, Milwaukee, Wis.  
TELEPHONE CLARK 9322.

THEO. KOESTER,  
WEST SIDE BOTTLE HOUSE,  
Wines and Liquors at Wholesale Prices.  
309 Chestnut Street,  
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The Hochstein Leaf Tobacco Co.  
Importers of SUMATRA & HAVANA,  
And Peckers of

DOMESTIC LEAF TOBACCO.  
PHONE WHITE 9151.  
302 East Water St., Milwaukee, Wis.

W. A. DUNN & CO.,  
Represent Reliable FIRE and  
ACCIDENT INSURANCE CO.'S  
Real Estate Sold on Installment Plan.  
201 GRAND AVENUE, Milwaukee, Wis.  
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F. DANNENFELSER,  
Undertaker and Embalmer,  
Carriages for Funerals, Weddings, Etc.,  
Open Day and Night. Telephone North 84.

661 THIRD STREET, Milwaukee, Wis.

OTTO C. LAABS,  
Pharmacist,  
1929 VIET STREET, corner 20th.  
Telephone West 126.

PAUL MAY,  
...SALOON...  
620 Chestnut Street.  
Milwaukee, - - - Wisconsin.

MILLINERY A SPECIALTY.  
946 WINNEBAGO  
STREET.  
Milwaukee, - - - Wisconsin.

DIAMONDS, WATCHES, FINE JEWELRY.  
J. H. Williams,  
958 Kinnickinnic Ave.  
JEWELER & OPTICIAN.

FRANK BAUER,  
SALOON  
701 Winnebago Street.

KORN IS RIPE  
FOR BUSINESS  
AN ELEGANT LIFE-SIZE  
PORTRAIT (16x20) OR GOLD  
BUTTON GIVEN FREE WITH  
EVERY DOZEN OF MY  
REGULAR-PRICED PHOTOS  
OFFER GOOD UNTIL DEC 15  
B. KORN 902 KINNICKINNICK AVE.  
MILWAUKEE, WIS.  
PHONE BLU 8852.

ROBERT BUECH,  
Lincoln Avenue Barrel House,  
941 Clinton St., Cor. Lincoln Ave.  
Fine Wines, Liquors and Cigars.  
Telephone No. 235 South.

MIRSKYS BAZAAR,  
1002 Kinnickinnic Avenue.  
The best goods for the least money.  
Dry Goods, Millinery, Mens' Furnishing and Basement Goods.

the American Federation of Labor. All the resources of their offices are seemingly used in the interest of those who oppose the principle which we have just recited.

We declare a mere change in the personnel of the officers brought about by a rearrangement of the forces of unionism, whether it be the wider application of the policy of industrialism, a more adequate recognition of the central bodies, or some other issue of like importance, to be entirely inadequate.

With these facts before us we would be unfaithful to the interests of the working class if we did not ask that the delegate of this Milwaukee Federated Trades Council be instructed to support such candidates as will be in sympathy with the sentiments herein expressed. In the event that there is a reluctance on the part of others to present themselves as candidates, we further instruct our delegate to show a disregard for the formalities of the occasion and present the name of some person known to be in sympathy with the foregoing preamble as a candidate, and further to prevail, if possible, on others who subscribe to the principles laid down in this preamble, to the end that a complete ticket may be put up; therefore be it

Resolved, That our delegate stand instructed to act in accordance with the foregoing preamble, and that the sum of \$225 be appropriated for printing suitable cards announcing such candidacy, together with the sentiment and principle for which such candidacy stands.

On motion the resolutions were adopted.

The local end of the jurisdictional strife between the Plumbers and Steamfitters breaking out again, a motion that the council refuse to hear any further airing of the trouble until after the coming A. F. of L. convention, was passed.

A discussion as to the form in which a metal trades section should be established, and touching on the danger of such a section becoming an independent body, was closed by a motion to make the subject a special order for next meeting. Carried. The secretary was instructed to write to the secretary of the Federal Labor Union for definite, official information as to action in the matter of the members who should be in the Plumbers' union.

Receipts for evening, \$46.95. Disbursements, \$110.77.  
Frédéric Heath, Rec. Secy.

The out-door meetings have probably come to end for this year. The South Side comrades held their usual meeting at the corner of Grove and National on last Saturday evening, and Comrade Gaylord spoke of the absolute necessity of party organization and why workingmen should join the party. He was given an enthusiastic reception by those present, and there ought to be an increase in membership as a result of the address.

Wisconsin Monthly Pledges.  
A. Beck, Milwaukee, ..... \$1.50  
Kiel pledges ..... 2.50  
Mechelke Bros., Cascade ..... 4.00  
E. Klambt, Milwaukee ..... .25  
Wm. Riesner, Milwaukee ..... .75  
P. L. Devine, Milwaukee ..... 1.00  
\$10.00

It is believed that another branch can be organized in the western district of the Town of Lake, and it is hoped that the comrades who live there will take the matter up and let the organizer know if they are willing to undertake the organization.

It is said that some women know all about their neighbors doings. This may be too inquisitive, but it would be quite in order if you would advise your neighbors on the union label and the labor press. By the reading of a labor paper all would become familiar with the true conditions of the wage workers, and their knowledge of such conditions would invite their assistance in behalf of the union label. Not only the label, but all other weapons necessary for the emancipation of the laboring class.

In this world of business we must do business by attending strictly to business of our own class interest. Don't

be inquisitive, but it would be quite in order if you would advise your neighbors on the union label and the labor press.

We sell cheaply because we never miss a chance to buy up bankrupt stocks at sacrifice prices. A call will convince you.

Dry Goods, Notions, Cloaks, Wrappers and Skirts....

W. A. DUNN & CO., Represent Reliable FIRE and ACCIDENT INSURANCE CO.'S Real Estate Sold on Installment Plan. 201 Grand Avenue, Milwaukee, Wis. Phone Main 991.

F. DANNENFELSER, Undertaker and Embalmer, Carriages for Funerals, Weddings, Etc., Open Day and Night. Telephone North 84.

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MIRSKYS BAZAAR, 1002 Kinnickinnic Avenue. The best goods for the least money.

Dry Goods, Millinery, Mens' Furnishing and Basement Goods.

IF THINE EYES offend thee, do not pluck them out and cast them from thee, but call at.....

Julius Lando's Optical Institute, 419 East Water Street and fitted to a pair of his celebrated glasses. ARTIFICIAL EYES inserted without pain.

B. PECK & SON WHOLESALE MEAT DEALERS Phone North 182

WE HAVE a fine line of union made shoe shoes; remember you get a bottle or a box of polish with every pair of shoes bought here; repairing neatly done, C. M. HANSEN, 902 Kinnickinnic Ave. in the Bank Bldg.

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## ALHAMBRA

COMMENCING SUNDAY MATINEE, OCTOBER 25th.

Another Big \$1.50 Attraction at our Prices.

The SHEA AMUSEMENT CO.'S. BIG \$25,000 PRODUCTION of the

Grandest Musical Extravaganza Ever Entitled

## The Good Old Summer Time.

Claimed to be the most Expensively Dressed and Elaborately Staged Musical Extravaganza that has been sent out of New York this Season. 65 PEOPLE.

## Expo Rink Now Open

## "JEWEL LIVE OAK"

## Soft Coal and Wood Burners

This or any one of our dozen different soft coal or wood burning heaters makes an excellent substitute for a base-burner when hard coal goes soaring. Can be had with feeder.

Rung in price from \$5.00 to \$25. These, too, can be bought on our "25.00 down, \$1.00 a week" plan.

"IF IT'S FROM GROSS IT'S GOOD."

## PH. GROSS HDW. CO.,

126-128 GRAND AVENUE.



## Why don't you TRADE at

## BARRETT'S DEPARTMENT STORE?

They Want Your Trade  
And Will Save You Money.

## STAR THEATER.

Commencing To-morrow Matinee.

**PRICES:**  
10c  
20c  
30c

The KENTUCKY BELLES COMPANY.  
LADIES MATINEE FRIDAY.

Next Attraction: Cherry Blossoms Co.

The ugly ghost of the great Plankinton bank failure some years ago, which was due to the most rotten management possible, Fred T. Day, the drunken president having been allowed to borrow out so much money that it was enough alone to wreck the institution, the ugly ghost of that awful swindle on the people who had trusted in the great business integrity of the "solid citizens" back of it, we say, was brought into view again last week when the civil service board (also made up of "leading" business men!) appointed William H. Monsen as successor to Fred Heiden as inspector of the house of correction. Monsen was the cashier of the crooked bank and after it went to smash through its reckless and criminal loans to Fred Day and the scoundrel-merchant, Frank A. Lappan. Monsen was made assignee of Day and drew a good, big salary out of the estate for months while thus employed. As inspector of the house of correction he is liable to have to imprison men who lost money in that great bank failure and then drifted in their despair to vagrancy and general demoralization. If this should be, it will be but one of those tragic coincidences that are common to human society under capitalism. Out in the country almshouse are people who lost their all in the bank failures of that year. Others committed suicide. All over the city are wrecks caused by the banking methods of our "leading" citizens; and now that a man who was connected with one of the rottenest banks is put in charge of the house of correction, it may be in place for us to suggest that a similar man should be chosen to preside over the county almshouse, when the county board takes up the matter of its annual appointments in a week or so!

New readers of The Herald are reminded hereby that the advertisers who patronize one column are to be patronized in preference to others who do not. Our older readers do this, we hope that the new ones will also. And when you make a purchase tell the people you are buying of that you saw their advertisement in The Social Democratic Herald. We can build up a Social Democratic press—so necessary to the growth of the movement—if the Socialists themselves observe the above instructions. Es-

specially urge the women folks to observe this rule, also!

The Herald has received a communication, signed C. T. H. Westphal, in which it is denied that he was one of the promoters of the fake club in the Tenth ward. "I have never authorized anyone to use my name and have never been in sympathy with such a move," he writes. It was his son's name that was signed. He adds: "You also claimed in the same issue that I was short in my accounts as treasurer of the Pnb. Co., which is untrue; any mistakes found for or against the Pub. Co., in auditing the books, were immediately corrected, consequently there could have been no shortage." We see no reason to correct our statement of last week, however. The facts are that the committee appointed by the party in Milwaukee to investigate the work of the treasurer reported that the books showed gross negligence and criminal carelessness and that Comrade Westphal had made up the shortage with the exception of an item of \$25. The committee went further than this and recommended his expulsion from the party. This recommendation was not followed out by the central committee, but instead the central committee passed a motion (with no one voting against it out of the forty-seven present) that hereafter he was to be barred from holding any position of trust or honor in the party. The books speak for themselves, and are the best evidence when it comes down to a question as to a shortage.

The attempt to start an opposition Tenth Ward Social Democratic branch last Saturday evening, was a very laughable affair. There was a nondescript group of bosses and dupes present, scarcely any of whom lived in the ward. One poor dupe was made chairman and his first act was to ask all those from the Tenth ward to rise. It was a bad break!

Two men, unknown to our informants, rose up in addition to Dr. Berger and Robert Miller. Immler, Palm, Westphal and several from the Twenty-first ward had to keep their seats. This naturally raised a laugh on the part of the onlookers who were immediately threatened by Immler with clenched fists. Then speeches were made by the bosses of the crowd: Miller, Dr. Berger, Immler and Palm, the latter launching out into an anarchistic harangue so characteristic of him.

Every decent, loyal member of the Social Democratic party in Milwaukee who has taken a stand for clean politics and a party above chicanery was denounced as a boss and the member of clique, especially by Palm, who became very much down on "bosses" some years ago when party members refused to have the local Socialist paper help him dispose of some real estate to the city! Dr. Berger foamed at the mouth over an alleged request of the campaign managers when he was the party's candidate for congress that he help make up a fund of sixty dollars to spread literature over the district. He falsely claimed that he was asked to donate the entire sum, and forgot to say that he refused to contribute when he could not have the words: "Vote for Dr. Berger—Great Chance to Win!" printed on the literature in big type, his sole interest being in making a personal run for the office instead of a campaign for the party and its principles. Abuse and billingsgate was the burden of the other slick fellows and cut and dried resolutions, full of abuse, were promptly passed by the dupes.

We might suggest for the benefit of the fake Tenth ward "Socialist" club that it busy itself with renewing that great agitation for a north side park, so vigorously led some time ago by Dr. Berger and Robert Miller. The Miller family owns a large tract of land near where the park was to be located, although the promoters of the scheme have never admitted that this was the secret of their great "public spirit!"

All who want to join a study class, to meet under the leadership of the city organizer once a month at the new headquarters, are asked to send their name and address, with statements of books already read on the subject, to Comrade Gaylord. Also state what night of the week you would prefer. Now don't just tell somebody, but write it down and send it in.

The Patternmakers' union in Milwaukee last week again subscribed for The Social Democratic Herald in a body, the subscriptions to be paid from the treasury. The Patternmakers are pace-makers! And that's no joke, either!

Comrade Barkowski addressed a noon mass meeting Wednesday at the Harvester works with great success. He made a great hit with the men.

Picnic tickets.  
In last week's report Gen. Hassman was credited with 10 cents instead of 70 cents and Char. Felsch with \$1.00 twice instead of only once. The total as it appeared in last week's report was correct.

Previously acknowledged ... \$1,016.00  
W. Dobozinski, city ..... 40  
Unknown ..... 50  
Fred. Rankel, city ..... 1.00  
\$1,017.90

W. B. Gaylord has been invited to address the Six O'clock Club of Madison on the subject of Socialism on Nov. 3.

Two big mass meetings of the Social Democratic party will be held Saturday, Oct. 24th, at 5 o'clock p.m., cor. Greenbush and Beecher sts. Sunday afternoon, Oct. 25th, at 2 o'clock, at Kosciusko park. Speaker, A. R. Barkowski, in Polish. English speakers will also be present. All are welcome for free discussion, Republicans and Democrats.

There is a movement among South Side Socialists to establish a headquarters somewhere on Grove street. It will be kept open evenings and Sundays and will be a homely place where members of the South Side branches can meet and hold discussions and plan for the coming campaign.

## City Organizer Notes.

Get two new members: "Treble up" is the word.

When did you get a new member last? Better hurry!

Do you know what an application blank is for? See how it feels to make another fellow sign one. Try it.

The slogan for the winter campaign is, "Treble the membership before the spring election!" Let everybody line up and get into the game.

Dowie goes to New York with the war cry of "Your money and your life." We have one equally audacious, but with more promise for the workingman: "Your dues and your votes."

Branches should pay their contributions to the City Organizer Fund every month in advance. Make your payments to the Financial Secretary of the Central Committee, Comrade Hartmann, and receive a receipt for the same.

The Town of Lake Branch has decided to keep up their regular meetings once a month during the winter, and ordered a supply of Merrie Englands to be used by the members in a study of Socialism at the meetings.

The first week's work of the City Organizer was a busy one. In addition to the usual office routine and correspondence, and such help in the carpentering at the new headquarters, there was a meeting every night except Monday night, and on Friday night two.

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Bear the stamp of perfection, they are modeled after the latest eastern patterns, the best of lasts, the best of stock, the best to wear, at the very best of lowest prices. We only ask you to give us a trial.



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WHY Men find our \$15.00 Suits so much better THAN OTHERS sell for the same price.

WHY We always hold our old customers and constantly winning new ones.

WHY So many people think this the best store at which to buy CLOTHING.

WHY YOU should do YOUR trading here.

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than others is at our place. It's cheaper because the price is lower. Otherwise it compares fairly with high-priced Furniture. The only difference between those and ours is in the price. The high-priced Furniture is high because of high expense: ours is low in price because of low expense. Just this week we would like you to compare our \$10.00 with the \$15.00 kind of the high expense furniture. We are almost sure the \$10.00 one will win out.

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Shirts,  
Neckwear, Etc.

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Our fall stock of union-made suits and overcoats now complete.  
the largest stock of union-made suits, overcoats and mens' wear at popular prices.

NOTICE: If you want a first-class custom, UNION-MADE suits can get it here as all our tailors are union men and we have selected